

PAYMENT DETAILS

PLEASE COMPLETE IN BLOCK CAPITALS

GIFT AID

With Gift Aid on every £1 you give us we can claim an extra 25p back from HM Revenue & Customs. To qualify, what you pay in UK Income and/or Capital Gains Tax must at least equal the Gift Aid all your charities will reclaim in the tax year.

YES: I would like Falklands Conservation to treat all the donations I have made in the last four years, and all I will make until I notify you otherwise, as Gift Aid donations. I am a UK taxpayer and understand that if I pay less Income Tax and/or Capital Gains Tax than the amount of Gift Aid claimed on all my donations in that tax year it is my responsibility to pay any difference.

Signed: _____

Date: _____

DATA PROTECTION

We respect your privacy. Falklands Conservation will not make your name and address available to other organisations, and will treat your details as confidential. If however, you would be happy to receive information, about other aspects of our work from time to time, please tick the box .

**RETURN COMPLETED FORM TO:
Falklands Conservation,
The Gatehouse, The Lodge,
Sandy, Beds, SG19 2DL, UK**

Have you considered a Standing Order?

(UK BANK ACCOUNT HOLDERS ONLY)

This helps us keep our administration costs down. Either download the form from our website or set up your own using the following details: **Falklands Conservation**, Barclays Bank, King George Street, Yeovil, Somerset BA20 1PX. Sort code: 20-99-40 / Account Number 90442542

You can also purchase securely online at www.falklandsconservation.com/our-shop

Falklands Conservation is a UK registered charity no. 1073859 and a company limited by guarantee in England and Wales no. 03661322.

Please use this form for both Penguin Adoption and Membership purchase, completing the relevant sections.

Name _____

Address _____

Postcode _____ Tel. _____

Email _____

Please tick this box if you would like to receive updates by email

PURCHASE INFORMATION

Penguin adoption for a year - £25 / \$40 *

Membership fee payable *
(see overleaf for categories)

***Please indicate £ sterling or US\$** **Donation** *

Please make cheques payable to Falklands Conservation. **Total** *

I wish to pay by Visa/Mastercard (please tick)

My card number is

Expiry date /

Signature _____

Cardholder's name _____

Cardholder's address (if different from applicant)

Postcode _____

Pebbles

The origin of the attractive pebbles found on the Island's beaches is unknown. Spectacular colours and patterns can be found.

These pebbles are agates, silica that accumulated in the cavities left behind when gas escaped from volcanic lavas.

The agates are much harder and resistant to erosion than the lavas that allowed them to form, and so survive long after their host has vanished. There is no lava in the Islands today so the pebbles must either be relics of a rock layer that has long since eroded away, or be washed up on the northern shores of the Islands from a source somewhere on the sea floor.

These attractive pebbles are now very rare due to over-collecting. If you happen to find some, please leave them for others to enjoy.



To prevent the spread of invasive species and diseases, you are asked to comply with a few simple measures when travelling around the islands: make sure all of your clothing, equipment and luggage is free from soil, animal faeces, seeds, insects and rodents, and scrub your footwear before each visit to a new wildlife site or seabird colony. If you have any questions about biosecurity, or wish to report diseased wildlife, please speak to the landowners or call the Department of Agriculture 27355 / Falklands Conservation 22247 for advice.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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Falklands Conservation is a company limited by guarantee in England and Wales No 03661322 and registered charity No 1073859. Falklands Conservation is registered as an Overseas Company in the Falkland Islands.

Falkland Office: Jubilee Villas, Ross Road, Stanley FIQQ 1ZZ | UK Office: The Gatehouse, The Lodge, Sandy, Beds SG19 2DL

Falklands Conservation works to conserve the wildlife of the Falkland Islands. To find out more about us and how you can support what we do, visit us at Jubilee Villas, Ross Road, Stanley or go to our website:

www.falklandsconservation.com

Information about other areas of outstanding wildlife and scenery, can be found in *A Visitor's Guide to the Falkland Islands*.



PEBBLE ISLAND

A penguin paradise and exceptional wetland area



www.falklandsconservation.com

PEBBLE ISLAND



The Falkland Islands archipelago lies 350 km (280 miles) to the east of the South American continent. It consists of two large islands, East and West Falkland, and more than 750 small islands and islets.

Pebble Island lies just off the north coast of West Falkland. It is the third largest offshore island in the archipelago at 10,622 ha (26,236 acres).

Pebble Island is reached by a 45 minute flight from Stanley or 30 minutes from Mount Pleasant Airport with the Falkland Islands Government Air Service (FIGAS). Zodiac landings can also be made from visiting cruise ships.

Accommodation

In the heart of the settlement is Pebble Island Lodge. Originally built as the farm manager's house in 1928, it was converted to a comfortable lodge in 1987.

The Nest has recently been renovated to a high standard and was FITB accredited in 2016 earning it 3 stars. All mod cons and centrally heated, it has one bedroom which can be a double or twin and there is a sofa bed in the living area. It sleeps 2 comfortably, 3-4 is cosy.

For bookings contact
Dot & Alex Gould
 Tel: +500 41094
 Email: dhf@falklandwool.net



For further information:
Pebble Island Lodge
 Falkland Islands FIQQ 1ZZ
 Tel: +500 41093
 Email: manager.pebblelodge@horizon.co.fk
 Website: www.pebblelodge.com



COVER PHOTO: Southern rockhopper penguins

Pebble Island East

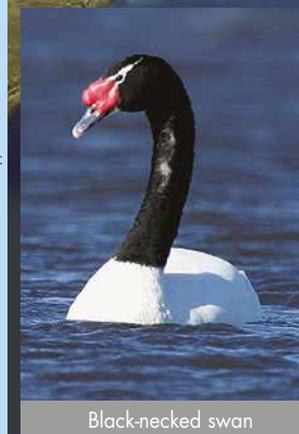
The eastern half of Pebble Island, with its ponds and lakes, is of great wildlife interest and conservation value. Some of the wetland areas are prone to drying out during very dry summers.

In 2000/01 a pair of coscoroba swans bred successfully in this area, the first Falkland record since 1860. Despite this, the coscoroba is still only scarce in the Falklands. Pebble Island East reportedly has one of the largest concentrations of black-necked swans in the Islands – 75–100 can be seen on the ponds during the summer. There are often sightings of rare visitors such as red shoveler and cinnamon teal.



Checklist of breeding waterfowl and waders

- White-tufted grebe
- Silvery grebe
- Black-crowned night heron
- Black-necked swan
- Kelp goose
- Upland goose
- Ruddy-headed goose
- Flying steamer duck
- Falkland steamer duck
- Chiloe wigeon
- Speckled teal
- Crested duck
- Yellow-billed pintail
- Silver teal
- Two-banded plover
- Rufous-chested dotterel
- Magellanic oystercatcher
- Blackish oystercatcher



Black-necked swan

PENGUIN ADOPTION FORM



- Adopt a king penguin at the remote colony of Volunteer Point in the Falkland Islands for £25/ US\$40 for 12 months.
- Help conservation efforts to protect the penguins of the Falklands.
- Receive a personalised adoption certificate, king penguin photo and penguin pin badge.
- Receive updates from Falklands Conservation.

Yes, I would like to Adopt a Penguin! (payment form overleaf)

You may wish to Adopt a Penguin as a gift or on behalf of someone else, if so just let us know the details.

I would like the adoption pack to be sent to:
 PLEASE WRITE IN BLOCK CAPITALS

Name _____

Address _____

Postcode _____ Tel. _____

Email _____

Penguin Name _____



MEMBERSHIP

- Join Falklands Conservation and help to protect the spectacular wildlife of the Falkland Islands.
- Receive a joining pack and membership badge.
- Receive regular updates from the Islands and two magazines a year.

I would like to become a member of Falklands Conservation (payment form overleaf)

Membership category (please tick)

- Individual (UK, EU or FI) £30/\$50
- Individual (overseas) £50/\$80
- Household/family £50/\$80
- Gold £100/\$170
- Life (one-off payment) £1,000/\$1,700
- Student £15/\$20

To either adopt a penguin and/or become a member please complete both sides of this form

You can also purchase securely online at www.falklandsconservation.com/our-shop

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About Pebble Island

Pebble Island is named after the unusual and attractive pebbles that were once abundant on some of its beaches. It is part of a group that also includes Rabbit Island and the Broken Island group, as well as Government, Pebble, White and Keppel islets. These were bought by John Markham Dean in 1869 who established a sheep farming company known as Dean Brothers, in whose family ownership remains today. For many years it was one of the most important wool producers on West Falkland.

The Island stretches 30km (19 miles) from east to west, but is only about 7km (4½ miles) at its widest point. The settlement and airstrip are located on a narrow isthmus close to spectacular Elephant Beach, the longest sand beach in the Falklands at 6.4km (4 miles) – Pebble Island's alternative airstrip. Dune systems and rocky shores with low cliffs, are backed by gently undulating heathland, with large ponds.

There are three peaks west of the settlement:

First Mountain – the highest – reaches 277 m (909ft), **Middle Peak** 214m (704ft) and the western **Marble Mountain** 237m (779ft). The land to the east is low-lying with many large lakes and ponds, which attract a wide range of wildfowl and wading birds.

The island qualifies as an Important Bird Area (FK13), a global standard set by BirdLife International. Around 40 bird species have been recorded, including over 1,000 pairs of imperial cormorants that breed on Tamar Point, and several large colonies of **gentoo**, **Magellanic** and **southern rockhopper** penguins.

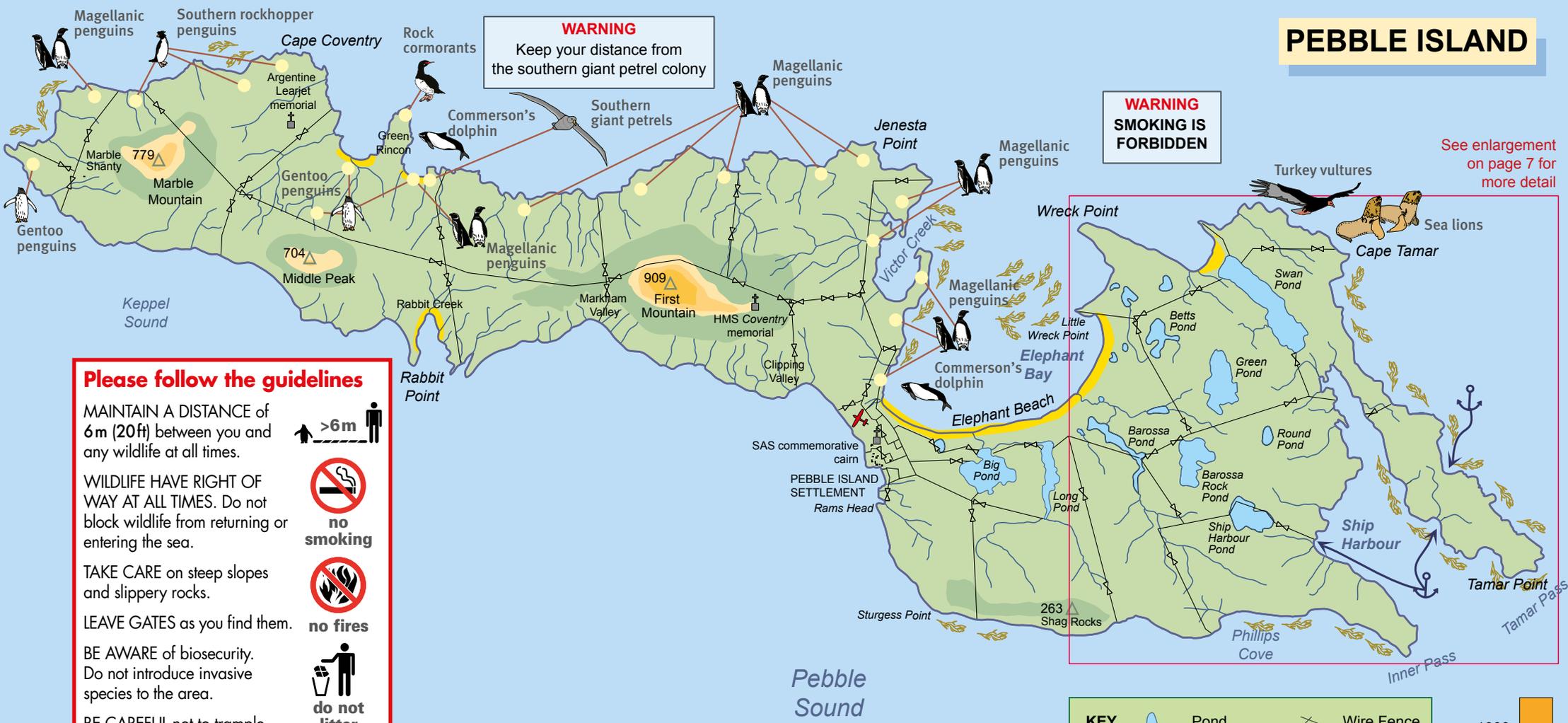
Eight of the Falkland endemic plants grow here, including **vanilla daisy** and **lady's slipper**.

Commerson's dolphins are regularly recorded at Green Rincon and in Elephant Bay, and the **Queen of the the Falklands fritillary** butterfly occurs on the heathlands.



PEBBLE ISLAND

See enlargement on page 7 for more detail



WARNING
Keep your distance from the southern giant petrel colony

WARNING
SMOKING IS FORBIDDEN

Please follow the guidelines

MAINTAIN A DISTANCE of 6m (20ft) between you and any wildlife at all times.

WILDLIFE HAVE RIGHT OF WAY AT ALL TIMES. Do not block wildlife from returning or entering the sea.

TAKE CARE on steep slopes and slippery rocks.

LEAVE GATES as you find them.

BE AWARE of biosecurity. Do not introduce invasive species to the area.

BE CAREFUL not to trample the burrows of nesting seabirds, particularly those of Magellanic penguins. Avoid walking across areas of high burrow density.

>6m

no smoking

no fires

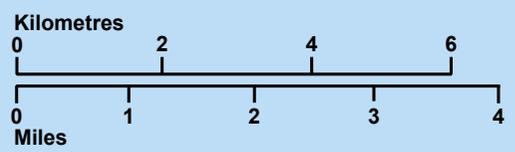
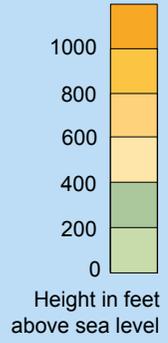
do not litter

no flash

LAMBING SEASON
The lambing season is from **October to December**. During this time visitors are asked to take extra care not to disturb ewes as they may abandon lambs if startled.

KEY

- Pond
- Stream
- Kelp Beds
- Wildlife Viewing Area
- Cruise Ship Anchorage
- Wire Fence
- Gate
- Airstrip
- Memorial



Rockhopper Penguins

Southern rockhopper penguins are the smallest of the five species of crested penguins and the most common Falkland penguin, breeding at 35 sites around the Islands.

The total number is 320,000 breeding pairs (2010 census), one of the largest populations of rockhoppers in the world.

Pebble Island is home to some 8,500 breeding pairs. The largest colony of around 5,200 pairs is located to the north of Marble Mountain, where a few **macaroni penguins** can also be found. Rockhopper and macaroni penguins sometimes interbreed, so Pebble is a good place to look for hybrid offspring.

The second largest rockhopper colony of 3,250 pairs is at Tamar Point, at the east end of the island. The birds return to these sites each year in early October, having spent the winter ranging across the waters of the Patagonian Shelf. The penguins feed on krill and squid in the rich marine waters surrounding the Falklands, pursuing their prey far out to sea and up to depths of 100m (328ft). They depart on their winter migration, following moulting, in mid-April.

Two eggs are laid in a nest scrape lined with anything from small stones to vegetation and bones. The first egg is markedly smaller than the second which may be vulnerable to predation by skuas or even evicted from the nest when hatching. Crested penguins typically raise only one chick, however in the Falklands it is not unusual for some to raise two chicks in a good year. Incubation lasts just over 30 days. Following hatching, only the female feeds whilst the male guards the chick. After a month the chicks form loose crèches and both parents share the job of feeding the chick until fledging at the end of February.

Following the 2010 census, rockhopper penguin populations are considered stable in the Falklands. This species continues to be classed as Vulnerable by the IUCN and BirdLife International.



Southern rockhopper penguin



Macaroni penguin



Southern rockhopper x macaroni penguin hybrid